

11/14/17 "Motivation gets you started, habit keeps you going."-Jim Rohn

HW: "2017 A2 CC Rational Expressions (Equations)" finish

AIM: How do we solve Rational Equations?

Warm Up:

a] Express in simplest form:

$$\frac{\cancel{x-4}^{-1}}{\cancel{4-x}} = \boxed{-1}$$

b] Show how you can rewrite  $\frac{11x}{6-x}$

$$\frac{11x}{-x+6} = \frac{11x}{-1(x-6)} = \frac{-11x}{1(x-6)}$$

$$= \frac{-11x}{x-6}$$

⊗ we can switch the order of a denominator that has subtraction and then negate the numerator.

20) HW check

$$\frac{t^{-1} + 2^{-1}}{3t^{-1} - 3^{-1}} = \frac{\frac{2 \cdot 1}{2t} + \frac{1 \cdot t}{2t}}{\frac{3 \cdot 3}{3t} - \frac{1 \cdot t}{3t}}$$

LC:  $2t$

$$\frac{2}{2t} + \frac{t}{2t} = \frac{2+t}{2t}$$

LC:  $3t$

$$\frac{9}{3t} - \frac{t}{3t} = \frac{9-t}{3t}$$

$$\frac{2+t}{2t} \cdot \frac{3t}{9-t} = \frac{6+3t}{18-2t}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 1) \frac{2x}{3} + \frac{1 \cdot 6}{x \cdot 2} = \frac{1 \cdot 3x}{2 \cdot 3x} \end{array}$$

LCD:  $3 \cdot 2 \cdot x$   
 $6x$

$x \neq 0$

$$\frac{2x}{6x} + \frac{6}{6x} = \frac{3x}{6x}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2x + 6 = 3x \\ -2x \quad -2x \\ \hline 6 = x \end{array}$$

**STEPS:**

- 1) Find the LCD (Factor if you need to)
- 2) Re-write the entire equation so each fraction has the LCD.
- 3) Solve the numerator equation (Ignore denominator)
- 4) Check!

$$2) \frac{x+9}{2x} + \frac{\cancel{3}^2 \cdot 15 \cancel{(2)}_{(2)}}{\cancel{1}^2 x \cancel{(2)}_{(2)}} \quad \text{LCD: } \frac{\quad}{2x} \quad x \neq 0$$

$$\frac{x+9}{2x} + \frac{6x}{2x} = \frac{30}{2x}$$

$$x+9 + 6x = 30$$

$$7x+9=30$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -9 \quad -9 \\ \hline 7x = 21 \\ \frac{7x}{7} = \frac{21}{7} \end{array}$$

$$x=3 \quad \checkmark$$

$$3) \frac{\cancel{6}^2 x - 6}{\cancel{6}^2 x} - \frac{1 \times 4 \cancel{(6)}_{(6)}}{\cancel{6}^2 x \cancel{(6)}_{(6)}} \quad \text{LCD: } \frac{\quad}{6x} \quad x \neq 0$$

$$\frac{6x-36}{6x} - \frac{x}{6x} = \frac{24}{6x}$$

$$6x-36 - x = 24$$

$$\begin{array}{r} +36 \quad +36 \\ \hline 6x - x = 60 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{5x}{5} = \frac{60}{5}$$

$$x=12$$

$$4) \frac{1}{h+1} + \frac{1}{h-1} = \frac{2}{h^2-1}$$

5) Solve for  $J$  in terms of  $F$  and  $W$ .

$$\frac{1}{J} + \frac{1}{W} = \frac{1}{F}$$